Stocktaking of Activities relevant to the World Summit on the Information Society (4 October 2004)

TO: Governments and all other WSIS Stakeholders.

As part of the preparations for the Tunis Phase of WSIS, the Executive Secretariat is working with governments and other stakeholders in undertaking a stocktaking of WSIS-related activities (see: http://www.itu.int/wsis/), especially in implementation of the WSIS Plan of Action, adopted in Geneva on 12 December 2003. We would be grateful for your assistance in contributing to the stocktaking. You can do this by submitting, in the enclosed questionnaire or online (at www.itu.int/wsis/stocktaking), descriptions of the activities in which your organization is engaged, including any relevant ones that may pre-date WSIS. If you have more than one activity to submit, please fill out separate forms for each one, or make separate submissions via the website. Please note that the stocktaking exercise is intended to be indicative, not comprehensive, and is designed to be factual, not prescriptive.

- A+ B. Please provide a title, and a description of each activity (e.g., project, programme, thematic meeting, event etc) in no more than 100 words. Governments may wish to submit more detailed information on their programmes or policies, for instance structured by the WSIS Action Lines.
- C+D. Please indicate the relevance of the activity to the WSIS action lines and internationally-agreed development goals outlined in the Millennium Declaration. These will be used to generate keywords to be used for searching the stocktaking database.
- E. Please provide a website or other sources (e.g., documents) containing further information;
- F, G, H and I. Please indicate the geographical coverage, the timescale, and the type of activity being undertaken, as well as the main partners involved.

Your inputs will be posted on the WSIS website, and in the stocktaking database. We would also welcome future updates to this information.

In order to provide an input to WSIS PrepCom-2 of the Tunis Phase, please send your response, and any associated documentation, **by 15 December 2004**, either:

By filling out the questionnaire online at:	www.itu.int/wsis/stocktaking
By downloading it and sending by email to:	wsis-stocktaking@itu.int
By sending it on diskette or CD-ROM by post to:	WSIS Executive Secretariat (Stocktaking)
	c/o ITU,
	Place des Nations,
	CH-1211 Geneva 20

Switzerland

	or! International
Organisation type (please tick one	e):
! Government, ! International Or	ganization, ! Business Sector entity, ! Civil Society
Contact person: (Note: Person	nal contact information will <u>not</u> appear on the website)
! Mr. ! Ms. First Name	Family Name
Email:	

A. Activity title Please provide a short title for this project, programme, thematic meeting, event etc.		
B. Description Please provide a brief description, organizations may also wish to provide more detailed programmes (e.g., documents relevant to one or more	d information concerning their policies or	
C. WSIS action lines Please indicate which of the activity. Please tick all that apply. (For more informate each action line).		
! 1. The role of governments and all stakeholders in the promotion of ICTs for development.	! 8. Cultural diversity and identity, linguistic diversity and local content.	
! 2. Information and communication infrastructure.	! 9. Media.	
! 3. Access to information and knowledge.	! 10. Ethical dimensions of the Information Society.	
! 4. Capacity building.	! 11. International and regional cooperation.	
! 5. Building confidence and security in use of ICTs.	! 12. Achieving WSIS targets (PoA, Section B)	
! 6. Enabling environment.	! 13. Digital Solidarity Agenda (PoA, Section D)	
! 7. ICT applications: benefits in all aspects of life.	! 14. Follow-up and evaluation (PoA, Section E)	
	! 15. Towards WSIS Phase 2 (Tunis) (PoA, Section F)	
D. Internationally-agreed development goa Is this activity relevant to achieving the MDGs listed		
and the <u>targets</u> for each goal)! Yes! No If yes, please tick all goals that apply		
! 1. Eradicate poverty and hunger.	! 5. Improve maternal health.	
! 2. Achieve Universal Primary Education.	! 6. Combat HIV/AIDS, Malaria and other diseases.	
! 3. Promote gender equality & empower women.	! 7. Ensure environmental sustainability,	
! 4. Reduce child mortality.	! 8. Develop a global partnership for development.	
E. For more information Please provide a web	site, a document or other source of information:	
Website (URL): Other i	information:	
F. Geographical coverage Please tick a box to ! Local! National! Regional! International. Pl		
G. Timescale Please tick a box to indicate the time! Completed! Ongoing! Planned. Please specific	escale of the activity: fy dates:	
H. Activity type Please tick one or more boxes to indicate the type of activity described above:		

! Project ! Programme ! WSIS Thematic Meeting ! Conference ! Publication ! Training		
initiative! Guidelines! Tool-kit! Other, please specify		
I. Partnership Please indicate the names of the other main partners in this activity:		

Keywords

In order to assist you in selecting which of the WSIS action lines are relevant to this activity, the following keywords are provided to show some of the themes covered under each of the WSIS action lines. The full text of each action line is available at www.itu.int/wsis/PoA.

WSIS Action Lines

1) The role of governments and all stakeholders in the promotion of ICTs for development

- Cooperation among stakeholders Millennium Declaration mainstreaming ICTs Multi Stakeholder Partnership (MSP) multi-stakeholder portals for indigenous peoples national e-strategies Public/Private Partnerships (PPP).
- 2) Information and communication infrastructure: an essential foundation for an inclusive information society
 - Access accessibility affordability assistive technologies broadband network infrastructure digital inclusion
 - enabling and competitive environment ICT backbone ICT connectivity ICT equipment ICT services
 - infrastructure Internet exchange points investment satellite traditional media remote and marginalized areas
 - ubiquitous computing/communications universal access/service wireless.

3) Access to information and knowledge

- Access to public official information access to scientific knowledge digital public libraries and archives
- ICTs for all multi-purpose community public access points open source, proprietary and free software public access to information public domain information.

4) Capacity building

- Basic literacy distance learning education/training e-literacy gender combating illiteracy life-long learning
- research and development (R&D) self-learning teacher training training ICT professionals volunteering youth

5) Building confidence and security in the use of ICTs

- ◆ Authentication
 ◆ building confidence and security
 ◆ consumer protection
 ◆ countering misuse of ICTs
 ◆ countering spam
 ◆ cyber-security
 ◆ data protection
 ◆ information security and network security
 ◆ network integrity
- online transaction security privacy real-time incident-handling and response secure and reliable applications.

6) Enabling environment

- Consumer protection dispute settlement domain name management e-commerce e-government strategy
- entrepreneurship ICT forums intellectual property Internet governance legal, regulatory and policy environment privacy radio frequency spectrum regional root servers secure storage and archival small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs) standardization

7) ICT applications: benefits in all aspects of life

- Disaster recovery e-applications e-agriculture e-business e-commerce e-employment e-environment
- e-government e-health e-publishing e-science ICT waste disposal sustainable production and consumption
- teleworking transparency.

8) Cultural diversity and identity, linguistic diversity and local content

• Cultural diversity • cultural exchange and information • cultural heritage • cultural industry • cultural policy • digital archive • disadvantaged and vulnerable groups • indigenous peoples • internationalized domain names • language-related ICT tools • linguistic diversity • local languages • traditional knowledge.

9) Media

- Combatting illegal and harmful content in the media diversity of media ownership gender portrayal in the media
- media independence and pluralism reducing international imbalances role of media in the Information Society
- traditional media training of media professionals .

10) Ethical dimensions the Information Society

• Common good • ethics • human rights • preventing abusive uses of ICTs • values.

11) International and regional cooperation

- Financing of ICT networks and services infrastructure development projects international mechanisms
- progress evaluation regional action plan UN global compact.

12) Achieving the WSIS targets (Plan of Action, Section B)

- to connect villages with ICTs and establish community access points; to connect universities, colleges, secondary schools and primary schools with ICTs; to connect scientific and research centres with ICTs; to connect public libraries, cultural centres, museums, post offices and archives with ICTs; to connect health centres and hospitals with ICTs; to connect all local and central government departments and establish websites and email addresses; to adapt all primary and secondary school curricula to meet the challenges of the Information Society, taking into account national circumstances;
- to ensure that all of the world's population have access to television and radio services; to encourage the development of content and to put in place technical conditions in order to facilitate the presence and use of all world languages on the Internet; to ensure that more than half the world's inhabitants have access to ICTs within their reach.

13) Digital solidarity agenda (Plan of Action, Section D)

- Debt burden digital divide digital solidarity fund financing mechanisms Monterrey Consensus
- national e-strategies poverty reduction strategies technology transfer

14) Follow-up and evaluation (Plan of Action, Section E)

- Benchmarking community connectivity indicators gender-specific indicators ICT Development Index
- Information Society indicators international performance evaluation monitoring the digital divide statistics
- success stories

15) Towards WSIS Phase 2 (Tunis) (Plan of Action, Section F)

- Elaboration of final appropriate documents partnerships among stakeholders preparatory process stocktaking
- Task Force on Financial Mechanisms Working Group on Internet Governance

Internationally-agreed Development Goals outlined in the Millennium Declaration

In order to assist you in selecting which of the MDGs are relevant to this activity, the following keywords are provided to show some of the targets covered under each of the MDGs. The full text is available at http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/.

1) Eradicate poverty and hunger

- Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people whose income is less than one dollar a day.
- Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people who suffer from hunger.

2) Achieve Universal Primary Education

• Ensure that, by 2015, children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling.

3) Promote gender equality & empower women

• Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education, preferably by 2005, and to all levels of education no later than 2015.

4) Reduce child mortality

• Reduce by two thirds, between 1990 and 2015, the under-five mortality rate.

5) Improve maternal health

• Reduce by three quarters, between 1990 and 2015, the maternal mortality ratio.

6) Combat HIV/AIDS, Malaria and other diseases

- Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS.
- Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the incidence of malaria and other major diseases.

7) Ensure environmental sustainability

- Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programmes and reverse the losses of environmental resources.
- Halve by 2015 the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation.
- Have achieved by 2020 a significant improvement in the lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers.

8) Develop a global partnership for development.

- Develop further an open, rule-based, predictable, non-discriminatory trading and financial system.
- Address the special needs of the least developed countries
- Address the special needs of landlocked countries and small island developing States
- Deal comprehensively with the debt problems of developing countries through national and international measures in order to make debt sustainable in the long term.
- In cooperation with developing countries, develop and implement strategies for decent and productive work for youth.
- In cooperation with pharmaceutical companies, provide access to affordable essential drugs in developing countries.
- In cooperation with the private sector, make available the benefits of new technologies, especially information and communications.

THANK YOU!